



# MPLAY.LIB

The Most Simplistic MPlay library you'll find.

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This is the guide to my MPlay library.

**READ:** This library uses Gamemaker's built-in MPlay functions, however, it follows a completely different system. **YOU MUST STICK TO THIS LIB!** If you plan to use any of the functions in this lib, you must use nothing much but this lib. There is a global variable named `player_number` that uniquely identifies every player who joins. You need this variable.

In several instances I refer to a 'common event.' This is an event that is executed on every computer playing. This may be the step event of a controller, or something along those lines.



## Action 1: Connect Automatically

This is a very simple action that does all the connecting for you. Provide:

- Player Name (optional)
- Session Name (anything)
- A code for if it joins to a session (EG, for transport since you don't need to wait for players)
- TCP/IP address (An IP or internet address to connect to [Use `mplay_ipaddress()` - the default - for single computer testing ] )



## Action 2: If Connection is a Value

This simply checks the connection status. With my library, it can be **NONE**, **TCP/IP**, or **IPX**.



## Action 3: Disconnect/End the Session

Self explanatory. Ending the session stops communication with the players (to the player that called it only.) Disconnect ends all communication and, disconnects.



## Action 4: Session Mode

Set wheather or not to move to a new host (session creator) when the old one quits.



## Action 5: If the number of Sessions is a Value

Check how many sessions there are to join (you won't need this)



## Action 6: If the Sessions Status is a Value

Check if there is no session, if you created the session, or if you joined the session. (you likely won't need this)



## Action 7: If the Number of Players is a Value

Check how many players there are. (eg, to start the game if you have enough players)



## Action 8: If you are a Certain Player

See if you are a certain player (my library has actions that do this for you)



## Action 9: Initialize Creation of New Players

This should be put in afther the first player that you don't need automatically created joins, but before the first player that you *do* need automatically created joins. The best spot, if as soon as you have two players the game starts, would be the game room's room start event. This must be in a common event.



## Action 10: Create Players as They Join

This function will automatically create a player at the given coordinates as they join. The new player will also execute the code specified, which gives a possibility to set his/her player number, change the position, etc. Argument3 is specifying wheather argument0 is a *mask object*, meaning that it should always be created; or if it is a root name, meaning that you would say "player" and this function would create player1, player2, player3, etc. As they joined. This must be in a common event or in one of every player's events.



## **Action 11: Give a Player the Boot**

Kick out the specified player and tell him/her the text in argument1. This will kick him/her out and end his/her game. This must be put in a common event or at least one executed by the player to be kicked off. To get it to work, you may want to use a global variable that decides wheather or not to kick off a player, then set it to true when he/she breaks a rule.



## **Action 12: Update a Variable on all Machines**

Self explanatory. Place in a common event.



## **Action 13: Execute a Script on a Certain Machine**

Self explanatory. Place in a common event if you can; if not put a reciever in the common event, and a forcer in the event that it happens in. Recievers and forcers must have the same "frequency." The reciever must have all the details in it, not the forcer.



## **Action 14: Execute a Code on a Certain Machine**

Same as above, but with a smaller code that you type in the display window its self.